MINING IN MINNESOTA

Minnesota's mining industry is vital to the state's economy. It ranked seventh nationally in total nonfuel mineral production value in 2004. The value of nonfuel minerals in 2004 was \$1.89 billion. The industry employed 7,503 workers, with an average annual income of \$56,801. Minnesota's combined direct and indirect economic output gain from the mining industry was \$5.1 billion (2005 data).

America's mining industry directly employed over 320,000 employees in 2004, who labored to produce minerals with a total value of over \$67 billion. These materials were further transformed by consuming industries into consumer and industrial goods creating an additional \$2.0 trillion in value added by other mineral, metal and coal consuming industries.

FACTS ABOUT MINNESOTA'S MINING INDUSTRY

Minnesota accounts for 4% of the total U.S. nonfuel mineral production value. The state's leading nonfuel minerals are iron ore, construction sand and gravel and crushed stone. The state ranks first in production of iron ore.

Employment <u>1</u> /		Annual Production Value	
Total	7,503	Clays:	
		Common	\$22,000
Number of Mines		Gemstones	6,000
Nonfuel Minerals	555	Iron ore, usable	1,560,000,000
		Peat	5,210,000
Annual Wages (2001 data)		Sand and Gravel:	
Mining Industry Average 2/	\$56,801	Construction	235,000,000
Total State Average		Stone:	
(Private Sector)	\$40,397	Crushed	68,300,000
•		Dimension	12,400,000
Coal Consumption (short tons)		Others*	W
Electric Power	20,070,000	Total	\$1,890,000,000
Industrial	1,312,000		
Residential/Commercial	1,000	Mining's Impact on Minnesota's Economy 3/	
Total	21,383,000	(millions)	
		Output Generated - Direct	\$2,070
Value of Nonfuel Mineral		Output Generated - Indirect	3,030
Production Per Capita	\$367	Total	5,100
Per capita nonfuel mineral value	reflects the		
amount of nonfuel minerals produced per		Earnings Generated - Direct	453
person in the state. The value is calculated		Earnings Generated - Indirect	662
by dividing the total value of nonfuel mineral		Total	1,115
production by the total state pop	ulation		
(2004 U.S. Census Bureau data).		Personal Income and Revenue Taxes	
•	•	Generated	162
		Employment Impacts	
		Employment Generated - Direct	7,900
		Employment Generated - Indirect	18,700
		Total	26,600

Note: Data may not add to totals because of independent rounding.

- 1/ Includes employees of all mining sectors, contractors and office workers.
- 2/ Includes coal.
- 3/ Data provided by Moore Economics study, The Economic Contributions of the Mining Industry in 2005 (2005 data).
- W Withheld to avoid disclosing company proprietary data.
- * Combined values of lime, sand and gravel (industrial).

Sources: U.S. Geological Survey, Mineral Industry Surveys, 2004; DOE/EIA Coal Industry Annual 2004; Bureau of Labor Statistics, Average Annual Pay Report 2004 and Mine Safety & Health Administration 2004 Part 50 data.